THE *Boston-* AND COUNTRY



No. 773.

Gazette, JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, January 29, 1770.

BOSTON, *January* 29.

IN our laſt we publiſh'd a particular account of the proceedings of a meeting held at Faneuil-Hall, until its adjournment on Friday the 19th Inſtant to the Tueſday following. The evident deſign of this adjournment, tho' not expreſs'd, appear'd to be to give the delinquents, as they are now called, an opportunity coolly to conſider the reaſonableneſs of the requiſition made to them, *to fulfil their own voluntary contract*; and in ſo doing to quiet the minds of their fellow citizens, who view'd it as a matter of the greateſt conſequence, before an end ſhould be put to the meeting.

On tueſday laſt at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the people again met according to appointment; a greater number than had at any time before appear'd. And the firſt thing done was to read a letter from a gentleman of character in Philadelphia to another in this town; which was ſo highly approv'd of, that the whole Aſſembly by a unanimous Vote expreſs'd their deſire, that extracts from it might be publiſh'd in the ſeveral news-papers. ——While this letter was in reading the Sheriff of the county came into the Hall and acquainted the Moderator that he had a letter to deliver to him from his Honor the Lieutenant Governor, and delivered the ſame accordingly. And when the reading of the firſt mention'd letter was finiſh'd, the Moderator communicated to the Aſſembly the contents of his Honor's letter to him, which are as follows.

Boſton, 23 Jan. 1770.

SIR,

AS you act in the Capacity of Moderator of an Aſſembly of People at Faneuil-Hall, I ſend you a Paper herewith, and I expect from you that you forthwith cauſe it to be read to them.

T. HUTCHINSON.

To WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Eſq;

As it appear'd by this letter that the Moderator was *directed* by his Honor to read a certain paper therein incloſ'd, to the people then met at Faneuil-Hall; and they, looking upon themſelves as a *lawful* Aſſembly, conven'd to tranſact buſineſs of conſequence *to themſelves* in a *lawful* manner, and therefore as having a right to continue without interruption, appointed a Committee of three Gentlemen, to peruſe the Paper and report upon the propriety or expedience of its being laid before them. Which Committee reported that it ought to be read, and then it was read accordingly; and the following is a Copy.

By the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

To the PEOPLE *aſſembled at Faneuil-Hall.*

I Should be culpable if I ſhould any longer omit to ſignify to you my Sentiments upon your Proceedings. Your aſſembling together for the Purpoſes for which you profeſs to be aſſembled, cannot be juſtified by any Authority or Colour of Law. Your going from Houſe to Houſe and making demands of the delivery of Property, muſt ſtrike the People with Terror from your great Numbers, (even if it be admitted that it is not done in a tumultuous Manner) and is of very dangerous Tendency.*

Such of you as are Perſons of Character, Reputation and Property, expoſe yourſelves to the Conſequences of the irregular Actions of any of your Numbers who have been aſſembled together, altho' you may not approve of them, and altho' it may be out of your Power to reſtrain them.

Therefore as the Repreſentative of his Majeſty, who is the Father of his People, I muſt from a tender Regard to your Intereſt caution you: And as cloathed with Authority derived from his Majeſty, I muſt enjoin and require you without Delay, to ſeperate and diſperſe, and to forbear all ſuch unlawful Aſſemblies for the future, as you would avoid thoſe Evils to which you may otherwiſe expoſe yourſelves and your Country.

T. HUTCHINSON.

Boſton, 23d Janu'ry, 1770.

As his Honor was pleaſed to ſay that the Purpoſes for which the People had now aſſembled cou'd not be juſtified by any Authority or Color of Law, it may not be improper here to inſert the Original Notification.

(1)

THE Merchants, and all others, who are any Ways concern'd in, or connected with Trade, are deſired to meet at *Faneuil*-Hall To-Morrow, being Wedneſday the 17th Inſtant, at Ten o'Clock Beforenoon, to receive the Report of the Committee of Inſpection, relative to the moſt unaccountable and extraordinary Conduct of Three or Four Perſons, ſome of whom have ſold, other removed, and others threaten to ſell their Goods that have been ſtored in direct Violation of their ſolemn Engagements to the contrary; and to conſider and determine upon ſome LEGAL and ſpirited Meaſures to prevent the Non-Importation Agreement being rendered abortive by the Machinations of thoſe few Perſons, who, by behaving in this perfidious Manner, will moſt audaciouſly counteract the whole Continent in the Meaſures now purſuing for the Preſervation of their Liberties.

As this is a Matter of the greateſt Importance, and the Credit and Reputation of the Trade will greatly depend upon what may be done at this critical Conjuncture, it is earneſtly deſired there may be a very general Attendance.

BOSTON, January 16, 1770.

The conſideration of the above-mentioned Paper from his Honor, involving in it the queſtion of the *continuance* of their Meeting, it was calmly conſidered; after which it was unanimouſly voted to proceed to the Buſineſs of the Meeting, and the following return was made to the Sheriff, at his requeſt in writing, viz.

Mr. Sheriff GREENLEAF,

IT is the unanimous Deſire of this Body, that you inform his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, that his Addreſs to this Body has been read and attended to, with all that Deference and Solemnity which the Meſſage and the Times demand; and it is the unanimous Opinion of this Body, after ſerious Conſideration and Debate, that this Meeting is warranted by Law: And they deſire you to inform his Honor, that they are determined to keep Conſciences void of juſt Offence towards God and towards Man.

Then the Sheriff, deſiring to be conſidered in the Light only of the Bearer of his Honor's Letter, withdrew from the Aſſembly.

This Matter being ended the following Votes were paſſed.

WHEREAS in Purſuance of a Vote on Thurſday laſt, the Body lately aſſembled in this Hall did repair to the Houſes and Places of Abode of divers Perſons who had violated the Contract made with the Merchants, viz. Thomas *and* Eliſha Hutchinſon, William Jackſon, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor, *and* Nathaniel Rogers; *in Conſequence whereof, the ſaid* Thomas *and* Eliſha Hutchinſon, *having firſt refuſed to comply with the juſt Demand then made upon them, after more mature Conſideration, the next Day, voluntarily agreed to deliver up all the Tea remaining unſold by them, and the amount of what they had ſold in Money, into the Hands of* William Phillips, *Eſq; which was Voted ſatisfactory, and has ſince been perform'd.*—

And whereas the other Delinquents William Jackſon, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor & Nathaniel Rogers, *did ſome of them utterly refuſe, and all have hitherto delay'd to comply with the ſaid Demand;*

Therefore Voted, That the ſaid *William Jackſon, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor*, and *Nathaniel Rogers*, in thus refuſing and delaying to comply with ſo reaſonable & juſt a demand, have abuſed the lenity and patience of their fellow citizens; and have confirmed this body in their opinion that they are obſtinate and inveterate Enemies to their Country, and Subverters of the Rights and Liberties of this Continent: And we think it our indiſpenſible Duty to ourſelves and Poſterity, for ever hereafter, to treat them as ſuch, by withholding not only all commercial Dealing; but every Act and Office of common Civility: Hoping that they may be for ever fruſtrated in this and in every other Attempt to counterwork the generous Intentions of the patriotic Merchants of this Metropolis, and of all America: And we do fervently wiſh that all who with us are exerting themſelves to maintain and ſecure the invaluable Rights of our Country, may refuſe to ſell to, buy of, or have any Intercourſe with the ſaid *William Jackſon, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor* and *Nathaniel Rogers*, not only during the preſent Struggle for Liberty, but *for ever* hereafter.

Voted, as the Opinion of this Body, That the ſaid *William Jackſon, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor* and *Nathaniel Rogers*, by their Perfidy, have diſcovered a very high Diſregard to ſome of the moſt important moral Obligations, and by their obſtinate Continuance in the Breach of a Contract of ſo intereſting a Nature to the Community, have openly oppoſed themſelves to the united Sentiments of their Countrymen, and as it were, ſevered themſelves from the Commonwealth.

Whereas it was inſerted in the Boſton-Chronicle, publiſhed by John Mein, & Co. Yeſterday, that an Attempt has lately been made to ſet Fire to the Houſe of William Jackſon.

Voted, That the Reward of *One Hundred Dollars* ſhall be paid by the Moderator, in Behalf of this Body, to any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall diſcover the Perpetrator or Perpetrators of this villainy, ſo that he or they may be legally convicted thereof.

And whereas we apprehend that this baſe and villainous Action was done by an Enemy or Enemies, to bring Diſgrace on the Friends of Liberty, and this Country:

Therefore it is further *Voted*, That a Sum double to any Sum that has been or may be offered, to keep this baſe Deſign a ſecret, ſhall be paid by the Moderator, to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall diſcover the Perpetrator or Perpetrators of this Villainy, and make it legally appear that ſuch Sum has been offered to him or them for keeping it ſecret as aforeſaid.

Whereas divers Perſons who did not enter into the laſt Agreement of the Merchants, may have wrote for Goods to be ſhipped, whether the Act is repealed or not:

Voted, That the Committee of Inſpection be directed to uſe their endeavours to diſcover the owner or owners of ſuch goods upon their arrival, and being thus diſcovered, we will not ſell or buy of, or have any dealings or ſocial intercourſe whatever with ſuch perſons for the ſpace of two years, from the time of the arrival of ſuch goods, and that the Committee of Inſpection are deſired to publiſh this Vote, together with the names of the owners of ſuch goods for the ſpace of two years from the time of their arrival.

Whereas the greateſt Part of the Revenue ariſing by Virtue of the Acts of Parliament aforeſaid, is produced from the Duty paid upon TEA, *and it appearing to be the Determination of the Miniſtry to continue the ſaid Duty*:

Voted, That we will each of us ſtrictly and religiouſly enjoin it upon our reſpective families, totally to abſtain from the uſe of Tea upon *any pretence whatever*; and each of us will alſo earneſtly recommend to his country cuſtomers and friends not to ſell or uſe it, until the ſaid duty ſhall be taken off.

Whereas John Bernard, James & Patrick Mc Maſters & Company. Ame & Elizabeth Cummins, *and* John Mein, *moſt of whom being ſtrangers in this Country, have ſet themſelves in open defiance*

* *Making demands of the delivery of Property.*—The reader might hence be induced to believe that the deſign of this meeting was to plunder the inhabitants; than which nothing can be further remote from the truth: Whoever will recur to the former part of this publication, will eaſily ſee that the demand was made upon *particular perſons*, of the fulfilment of the Contract which they had *voluntarily* entered into, *to ſtore their goods under the care of the committee of Inſpection, till a general importation might take place in conſequence of orders tranſmitted after the firſt of January* 1770. Some of them had found means to *come at* and *remove* their goods from the care of the committee *in a manner* hereafter to be made known to the public, and with a declared intention to ſell them; and a part of them were *actually ſold*. Hence it appears that the contract was violated *on their part*; and could not in any degree be repaired, but by a *re-delivery* of the goods that remain'd, to the committee of inſpection. This was the *Demand*: And thus it was *clearly explain'd* to his honor at *his own* houſe. Who then will dare *to ſay*, that he intended to give it this colouring, that a very reſpectable aſſembly, as they certainly were, of Merchants and Freeholders, and other "Perſons of character, reputation and property," had been "going from houſe to houſe to *demand the delivery of property*," and in ſuch a *public* manner as to "ſtrike the people WITH TERROR"!

(1) This is the First Time, the people are Invited to Join the Merchants.

To Find the Agreements ſee Index to Vol. 2. & Tea Act. ſee pa. 735. Vol. 1.

‖ Suppoſed to be between 1300 or 1400 Perſons and the aſſembly in general very reſpectable § ſuppoſed to be by Wm Jackſon himſelf ¶ all but the Cummings's V See pa. 23.

of the body of Merchants and others throughout this Continent, by importing British Goods contrary to the known united sentiments of the Merchants, Freeholders and Inhabitants in every Colony :(a)

Therefore Voted, That they have in the most insolent manner *too long* affronted this people, and endeavoured to undermine the liberties of this country, to which they owe their *little* importance: And that they deserve to be driven into that obscurity, from which they originated, and to *the hole of the pit from whence they were digged.*

When these Votes were passed, a proposal was made in behalf & at the request of Mess. *Benjamin Green* and Son, to deliver up to the Moderator the goods they had by them, which had been imported before they came into the agreement,(a) in lieu of those which they had sold; whereupon it was voted that in case they should deliver the goods before-mentioned at any time the next day into the care of the Committee of Inspection, to be kept by them till a general importation should take place in consequence of orders sent after the first of January Instant, *their* names should be obliterated from the foregoing Votes. This they have since done accordingly; and now it is to be supposed they stand fair in the minds of their fellow citizens. It must here be observ'd in justice to these gentlemen, that they had always before sustained a very amiable character: How important then must the non-importation agreement(a) appear to be in the opinion of so great a body of the inhabitants of this town, when they could deliberately declare that persons of *such* a character should forfeit ALL their esteem if they persisted in the violation of it. At the same time such was the forbearance of the citizens towards even the others who made no such proposal, that they pass'd the like Vote in favor of any of *them*, upon the like condition, but they have not yet comply'd with it!

The Assembly took this occasion unanimously to pass a Vote of Thanks to the COMMITTEE OF INSPECTION, for the constant care & fidelity which they had discover'd, and to desire the continuance of their good services:—And also unanimously to pass another Vote of Thanks to WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Esq; the Moderator——After which they agreed to "*seperate and disperse*", having conducted all these Matters with DECENCY, UNANIMITY and RESOLUTION,

The following are Extracts from the Letter mentioned in the foregoing Publication,(b) and are now published agreeable to their unanimous Desire.

SIR, Philadelphia, 15 Dec. 1769.

"I WOULD not willingly be troublesome with my letters, but as you seem desirous I should write, and as it may give you some satisfaction to know the steps we are taking in the GREAT CAUSE OF LIBERTY, I shall continue to write as often as any thing worthy of notice occurs, untill I know it is disagreeable. From the time our merchants and traders entered into the non-importation agreement,(a) the committee has labored to engage their neighbors to concur in the same measure: For unless it was general, they all knew there was little ground to hope it would have the desired effect. *Maryland*, when apply'd to, entered into the association,(a) though they left themselves at liberty to import a much greater number of articles than we had done. *Virginia* and the provinces at southward pursued the same plan.(a) However, their association had this good effect, that it excluded a great number of articles which are *mere luxuries*, confin'd their importations from Britain to the necessaries of life, and thereby answered the purpose of a *sumptuary* law; at the same time, it serv'd to show the ministry and people of Great-Britain, that ALL the colonies had *the same* ideas of Liberty; That ALL were *equally* affected by the revenue laws:(c) And that *nothing* but a REPEAL of them could restore trade to its ancient channel. The colony of *Rhode-Island* still stood out: But"——— "We forwarded a letter to Rhode-Island, expressing our disapprobation of their conduct; shewing the necessity of UNION, and informing them of the effects that would follow their refusal to concur with the neighbouring colonies. *Providence* had some time before adopted the non-importation agreement.(a) *Newport* now agreed to come into it, reserving to themselves a liberty of receiving and selling all the goods that should arrive before the first of January. *New-York* was not satisfied, unless the goods which should arrive were put in store. Upon this we wrote a second letter to Newport."—"Soon after we received a letter from a committee which they had chosen, together with a new agreement,(a) which the merchants and traders had entered into, and which was drawn up *correspondent to our desires* in every respect, except with regard to the storing the goods lately arrived; with the strongest assurance of adhering firmly to their agreement,(a) and expressed a *readiness* to concur with us and the neigbouring colonies, in EVERY MEASURE that shall be thought proper, to *secure the liberties of America*.——Thus are the colonies at last ALL HAPPILY UNITED. It now remains for the PATRIOTS to improve this *union* to the best advantage, so as thereby to obtain, if possible, the end of their wishes. It is to be observed that the agreements(a) of the merchants are confin'd to the repeal of the act laying a duty upon tea, paper, glass and paints: But, will a repeal of this act *re-establish* us in the enjoyment of our *ancient, inherent* RIGHTS? No certainly. The parliament of Great-Britain by a solemn act have declared, that they have a right to make laws to bind the colonies, *in all cases whatever*. In the exercise of that right, they may make laws that are *inexpedient*, and from their *inexpediency* repeal them, and still the right remain entire. The Ministry have confess'd that the above act is *anti-commercial*, and on *this* principle have express'd a readiness to concur in the repeal of it. Suppose this done, *What have we gain'd*? Is our property, nay our lives and liberty less at *their* disposal and mercy? TROOPS are quartered among us in time of *profound peace!* and *we* are *commanded* to furnish them with supplies! *This* I consider as a *double* infraction of our RIGHTS. No man can deny that the COMMANDING us to furnish the soldiers with necessaries, and *enforcing that command as they have done with a suspension of our legislative authority, till we comply*, is levying money upon us WITHOUT OUR CONSENT. A highway-man meets me upon the road, and *orders* me at the peril of my life, to pay his servant ten pounds; is he less a *robber*, because he has left me the liberty of raising the money the best way I can? But the *very keeping a standing army*, without the *consent* of our legislatures, even tho' they exacted no supplies for them, I consider as *contrary to the rights of freeborn English subjects*. King Charles the second after the restoration, kept about *five thousand* regular troops by his own authority for *guards and garrisons*: King James the second *by degrees* increased them, to no less than THIRTY THOUSAND, all paid from his own civil list. Yet tho' the civil list was considered as the private property of the King, and tho' the subject was *not burthened* with the *support* of these troops, the parliament nevertheless at the Revolution, made it one of the articles of the *bill of rights*, "THAT THE RAISING AND KEEPING A STANDING ARMY WITHIN THE KINGDOM IN A TIME OF PEACE, UNLESS IT BE WITH THE CONSENT OF PARLIAMENT, IS AGAINST LAW." The Parliament of Great-Britain, in which we have certainly *no representatives*, are to be considered with regard to America, as the King was with regard to Great-Britain: And the claim now set up is no more than a revival of those prerogatives, which ARBITRARY MONARCHS formerly asserted to be *inherent in the Crown*. In the same light, I view the *Board of Commissioners*, the *Admiralty Courts*, &c. &c. &c."

"You must be sensible, my friend, that the Sons of Liberty, with all their Unanimity, with all the Countenance and Assistance they can afford each other, will have enough to do to *stem the Current*. There are in *every* province too many ISSACHARS, who from low, selfish motives are ready "to bow their shoulders to bear and become *servants unto* TRIBUTE": Some there are, who openly assert the power of parliament; and by arguments *endeavor* to prove, that our lives, our liberty and our property are at the disposal *of those*, in whose Election *we* have *no Choice*, over whose Conduct we have *no Controul!* These however, thank GOD, are very few: But there are multitudes, who *pretend* to be friends to liberty, who are continually exciting our *fears*, & attacking our *prudence*, by representing the *Danger* and *Folly* of our contending with the power of Parliament. Others from motives of *Interest*, are tired of these Restrictions of Trade. The sacrificing *present* advantages for the sake of securing LIBERTY to their posterity, is *to them* a new and strange mode of proceeding, nor can they reconcile it to their usual way of reasoning, who have been long accustomed to consider the *acquiring Property* as the *chief Good*, and the *only* means of promoting the interest of themselves, their families and their posterity——These sorts of people we find are ever ready to improve every opportunity of obstructing our Measures and of promoting Jealousies: For this reason it behoves those who have the interest of their Country at heart, to cultivate a good understanding among themselves" (*and we may add among the Colonies.*)

"GOD is my witness with what purity of intention I have embarked in *this* cause: I was early instructed in the principles of LIBERTY: They are enrolled in my heart: And *in them* I mean to live and to die. If the present efforts fail, I shall withdraw from *Cities*, where on the *present* plan of the Ministry, I easily perceive they will *first* commence, and seek for *freedom* among the class of *Farmers*. And should *Slavery* follow me thither ——But I forbear——For 'ere that will happen, I may be number'd with my Fore-fathers. "*In freedom I was born, and in freedom I'll die*"——Believe me, Sir, to be,

YOUR SINCERE COMPATRIOT.

THE Meeting at Faneuil-Hall was Dissolved on Tuesday last, the Hall having been filled eight several Times; during their Continuance the G=r and C=l sat no less than seven Times: At some of those Meetings of C=l it is said the L. G[illegible] would have had them consider'd themselves as held to Secrecy by their Oath as C=s, yet it has transpired that very strange & alarming Motions or Proposals were made to them; all which were ineffectual to the Purpose design'd, saving that just upon the breaking up of the last C=l they were induced to adopt by a Majority of one, viz. 4 against 3, the Sentiments contained in a Letter to his H——, thought proper some Time before to send into the Meeting, without either the Consent or Advice of his C=l; and this is the more extraordinary, as it is said some of the C=l declared they could not recollect the Contents of that Letter, and objected to its being acted upon without it was then laid before them, which was not done.—— On Saturday last a Gentleman, one of the Committee of Merchants, waited upon Mr. Secretary Oliver, and in Behalf of the Trade desired a Copy of the Minutes of Council relative to the Meeting at Faneuil-Hall, that they might know how to justify their Conduct if they should think it necessary; the Secretary was pleased to Reply, that his Orders were not to make it known to any one *at present*; upon which the Gentleman observed to the Secretary, that this Refusal might be construed as intended to preclude the Trade from a timely Opportunity of justifying their Proceedings; and that the Secretary must not be surprised if he should find his Answer to the Request published in the several News-Papers.

On Tuesday last the worshipful the Justices of the County of Suffolk attended at the C=l Chamber, in Consequence of an extraordinary Billet, of which the following is a Copy.

SIR, Boston, January 22, 1770.

HIS Honor the Lieutenant Governor directs, that you attend at the Council Chamber in Boston *To-Morrow (Tuesday) at Eleven o'Clock, to consider of some Matters of Importance.* *By his Honor's Order,*

Ezekiel Goldthwait, *Clerk of the Sessions,*

To ——— Esq;

It seems the C=l were not pleased with the Calling in of the Justices to their Aid, and therefore caused a Fire to be made in the Representatives Chamber, to which the Reforming Magistrate and others were conducted as they came into Council——Whether this Meeting of the Justices was a regular or *legaliz'd* Assembly, is not now to be determined; but this is certain, that they supported their own Dignity, and did nothing to the Injury of their Country. His Honor was indeed pleas'd to acquaint them, that the Assembly of the People at Faneuil Hall was illegal and dangerous, and that they had proceeded to demand in a Body the delivery of private Property——He also advised them to think of some Method to disperse them—— Upon this Occasion several Gentlemen distinguished themselves by a noble Freedom of Speech, and no one more than their aged President the Honourable SAMUEL WELLES, who is also a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas: The Result of their Consultation may be learnt from their Answer to his Honor in the following Words:

May it please your Honor,

THE Justices of this County convened this Day at the Desire of your Honor, beg Leave to say, That they gratefully acknowledge the Respect you have been pleased to shew them: That they have seriously deliberated upon the Subject your Honor has been pleased to communicate to them: And they beg Leave to assure your Honor, that as in all Times past they have exerted their best Endeavors to preserve the public Peace, so upon any future Occasion (when they see or apprehend it to be in any Measure interrupted) they will not fail to exert all the Powers with which they are invested to procure the Restoration of it.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

THE gross and illiberal Reflections which follow Christopher Prince's Vindication of himself in Mr. Draper's Paper of Thursday last, are a genuine Picture of the coarse and clumsy Author: Whether Mr. Prince was apprized or not of Mr. Rogers's *Violation of his Agreement with the Merchants*, it leaves him no Excuse for his scurrilous treatment of me, as he certainly knew from my Conversation with him, that I never reported that he recommended Mr. Fosgat to Mr. Rogers, knowing him at that time to be an Importer: Nor was I the Author of the Piece that occasioned his Reflections in said Paper. But let me ask Mr. Prince, whether he did not know that if Mr. Rogers was a Convert to the Agreement(a) of the Merchants, it was of late that he became one? and that he had notoriously violated that Agreement? These are my real Sentiments, and I believe the Sentiments of many others, that he did know it, and that he was altogether inexcusable in recommending Mr. Fosgat to Mr. Rogers, to the neglect of all the other Merchants in the Town. What cou'd put Mr. Prince upon carrying Mr. Fosgat to Mr. Rogers, had not he had some Connection with him? And how cruel was it to expose Mr. Fosgat in the manner he did, to his great damage, if not entire Ruin? As for his pretending that he did not know of Mr. Rogers's Violation of his Agreement upon the 11th Instant, and excusing himself that way, it appears to me almost impossible, as he is constant with Gentlemen in *Trade*, and must have heard *their* Conversation upon the head of violation of their Agreements.(a) But if he should get clear of this Charge, I hope he wont have the Effrontery to deny his purchasing last Fall of Mr. *John Bernard*, who had been advertized so many Months as an *Importer*. If he does deny it, I doubt not it can be abundantly proved that he did. And the latter instance without the former, may be sufficient to satisfy any person what part he play'd,

In respect to my being in the *laudable Business of Retailing*, it is the Fruit of Necessity, and very usual with all persons who are in the grocery-way in the south part of the town where I live.—But how low? how false the suggestion of my selling Rum to the soldiers? 'Tis true when I first sold liquors, I sold them indiscriminately to all customers; but as soon as I was convinced of the impropriety of supplying the soldiers with that article, I refused to let them have any; and Mr. Prince being a neighbor, must I think have known, that for near eight months past, I have declined selling to them.

I cannot but observe that there is a degree of hypocrisy as well as cruelty in Mr. Prince's conduct towards me. When I related to him a day or two before the little share I had in the present affair relating to Mr. Fosgat, he told me, that he did not blame me, and immediately published the dirty, scandalous Innuendo's in Mr. Draper's paper, which have been construed by many to intend me, and like a true Italian, hugging a man in his arms, while that moment he determines to stab him;—I shall not be severe with Mr. Prince, as he has more effectually sunk himself in the public esteem by his own actions, and his or some others composition, than I could wish to do were my resentment raised to an equal height with the man's own folly and malice.

And however Mr. Prince or his Animadvertor, may intend to represent me to the public, either as a Quondam Parson, a retailer of Rum to soldiers, having twice left my people, &c. all those matters, and the circumstances attending them, are so well known to his and his intended calumniators superiors, that I need no public vindication, other than has been given me by such their superiors, and consequently am compell'd to despise the little attempt made to injure my character, by a dirty Fellow, remarkable for his want of Education, and may I not add, remarkable for Profanity and Impudence?——

JOHN CARNES.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

THE Black Prince Pirate was lately at BERNARD'S Point, and after she had recruited with Wood and Water, and plundered sundry Bales of Blankets, &c. steered Eastward, but by contrary Winds was last Week drove into our Bay, and seemed to be in great Distress, firing sundry Broad Sides at whatever hove in Sight, but luckily did no Damage——Every Shot missing.

THE anonymous Writer, whose Address to *Edes* and *Gill* succeeds the Piece signed *Chrif. Prince*, would do Honor to his Country, if he would spend six or ten Months with some good School Mistress in this Town, in Order to obtain a light Smatter of English Gramm[illegible] before he appears again in Print.

Convenient Boarding for Gentlemen, near the Centre of the Town. Inquire of the Printers —Also a handsome second-hand Chaise to be sold Cheap.

(c) In special Molasses act Sea pa. 9. Vol. 2— Sea act page 735. Vol. 1. (d) vid. Sea act pa. 735. Vol. 1. (e) vid. Billeting act pa. 274. Vol. 2. & vid— suspension act pa. 748. Vol. 1. D See the act establishing ye Commissioners pa. 748 Vol. 1— & their Commissions pa. 253. Vol. 2. (f) Turn to Index to Vol. 2. for pernicious Tendency of Court of admiralty (g) page 25. (h) page 23. h (i) Capt. Chr. Prince who purchased Goods of Jno Barnard an Importer.

11 Vid Pa. 6. [illegible] 9 See Page 792 Vol. 1 3 See Vol. 2 page 1053 = Governor v Council 2 Lieu[t] Governor m Counsellors. 1 Honour. * Justice Murray (a) Turn to the Index to Find Merchants agreements. Vol. 2. (b) pa. 25.

BOSTON, January 29, 1770.

Last Wednesday Evening there was a grand Rout and Card-party at the honorable Mr. Commissioner Burch's, in Milk Street, at which were present his Honor the Lieutenant Governor and Family; the honorable Charles Paxton, Esq; the honorable Mr. Commissioner Hulton and Lady; the honorable Mr. Flucker his Lady and family; Nathaniel Rogers, Samuel Waterhouse and John Erving, Esq'rs; with their Ladies; and many other Gentlemen and Ladies, to the Number 92.—The Night being very cold and stormy, prevented many others from being present that intended themselves that Pleasure. The Ceremonies of the Evening was conducted with great Ease and Politeness. vid pa. 31.

One Day last Week Messrs. James Hearsey and William Bradley, both of Abington, purchased a few Articles for their Families Use, of WILLIAM JACKSON, not knowing that he was an Importer: This being known at their Lodgings, the whole Company refused to have any Intercourse with them; and those of them who were to be their Fellow-Travellers the next Day, refused to keep Company with them on the Road, unless they returned the Goods.—This Resentment, together with their own Inclination, (for they would not have traded with Mr. Jackson, had they known he was an Importer) led them the next Morning to carry the Goods back to him, but they could not prevail upon him to take them, as they might possibly lie long on his Hands. The foregoing we were requested to publish by the above-mentioned Hearsy and Bradley.

A CARD.

CLERICUS RUSTICUS presents his Compliments to the C—r in C—f, and the Majority of his Privy C—lrs, and desires to know their Opinion of the meeting of a Number of his Female Parishioners at a Spinning Match. If such Meeting be *illegal*, he will use all his Influence to prevent it, altho' it hurt his own Interest, the Fruits of their Industry being designed as a Free Gift to him; desiring to approve himself a Lover of the Laws and Constitution of his Country, as well as a Promoter of Industry, and Manufactures.——

Essex.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

BY the summary publication in the Boston Chronicle of the 22d current, I find myself an importer of Tea, Painters Colours and Glass. To which representation, I request you to publish, that since the commencement of the non-importation agreement, I have not ordered, nor received one single article from London on my own account. The Tea was for a Merchant at Newbury-Port order'd before the agreement. The Painters Colors and Glass belonged to an Apothecary in New-Hampshire government. Your compliance herewith will oblige your humble servant, JOSEPH JACKSON.

Messi'rs EDES & GILL,

IN the chaste Paper called the Boston-Chronicle, I find 24 Packages of Green Glass entered to my Name, which please to inform the Public was altogether Apothecaries Drugs; not one Ounce of empty Glass in the whole, and none but what contained a few patent Medicines, as Godfrey's Cordial, Bateman's Drops, &c. for which, tho' I thought myself chargeable with no Duties, to prevent Dispute I paid 1/9*d* sterl.

JOHN GREENLEAF.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

IN the Boston Chronicle of January 22d, current, after a pompous introduction from a *truly patriotic* New-Englandman, who seems to admire that '*some people still pretend to doubt the authenticity of these publications*,' I find my name twice annexed and signalized by a note of admiration, to ten Casks of white Glass, i. e. 5 by the Paoli, Hall, and 5 by the Leviathan, Jenkins, both from London. On which occasion, request you to publish, that this Glass was contained in ten large sugar-hogsheads, for which I paid no more than 32/6*d*. sterl. which, allowing the infallible '*authenticity of these publications*,' leaves the collector to account for six times as much money as he received of me. On this I shall make no comment, further than to relate that the goods came by meer accident to my care, and are owned by a gentleman in Portsmouth, who has agreed to their being deposited in the public store, where they will lie till a general importation.——N. B. The Committee only wait for a completion of these genuine publications, to shew at one view the infamous villainy of the most atrocious and ungrateful wretch that ever crossed the Atlantic.

Boston, Jan. 26, 1770. SAM. DASHWOOD.

Messi'rs EDES & GILL,

I Observe my Name mentioned in the Boston Chronicle of the 22d Instant, as having paid the duties on 34 Casks Green Glass, and 75 Boxes White Glass, imported in the Snow Union, John Copithorn, Master, from Bristol. And request you would inform the Public, that the 34 Cask Green Glass contained Bottled Beer, the property of and consigned to a Gentleman who came passenger in the above vessel; and are now under the Committee's Inspection. The 75 boxes white Glass, are the property of and consign'd to two Merchants in Portsmouth. My motive for paying said duties was to forward the vessel's unloading, as she was addressed to me, and could not be discharged till that was done. And I hereby declare that I have not imported one article from Great-Britain contrary to the true spirit of the non-importation agreement, nor sent forward any orders which are to be complied with on other terms than a repeal of the revenue acts.

ELEAZER JOHNSON.

Taken up last Monday, between Point Shirley and Boston, a Cable and Anchor. The Owner describing the Marks and paying Charges may have them again. Inquire of the Printers.

On WEDNESDAY next.

At ONE o'Clock,

Will be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Bunch of Grapes in King-Street.

SIX Quarter Casks sterling MADEIRA WINE, and 20 Boxes of LEMMONS. J. Russell, Auctioneer.

To be Sold for Want of Employ.

A stout, strong, healthy Negro Boy, 18 Years of Age, fit for Town or Country. Enquire of the Printers.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

And Sold by THOMAS LEVERETT in Cornhill;

A REPLY

To Dr. *Chandler's* 'Appeal Defended:'

Wherein his Mistakes are rectified, his false Arguing refuted, and the Objections against the *planned American Episcopate*, shewn to remain in full Force, notwithstanding all he has offered to render them invalid.

With an APPENDIX,

Containing a brief Narrative, powerfully adapted to teach the COLONIES what they may expect, should EPISCOPALIANS *ever* have the SUPERIORITY in Influence.

BY CHARLES CHAUNCY, D. D.

Pastor of the First Church in BOSTON.

†§† A few of Dr. CHAUNCY's Answer to Dr. CHANDLER's Appeal to the Publick, and his Remarks on the Bishop of LANDAFF's Society Sermon, may be had at the above Place.

RED-Oak Hogshead Staves, White-Oak Barrel ditto, Shingles, Clapboards, Hand-Spikes, Shaken Hogsheads, and Pine Bolts, to be sold on the Long Wharf at Charlestown.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Jonas Coolidge late of Watertown, deceas'd, are desired to make immediate Payment to Jonas Coolidge of said Watertown, Administrator on said Estate: And all to whom said Estate is indebted, are desired to bring in their Accounts to said Administrator, for Adjustment.

TO BE SOLD

On THURSDAY next.

By Benjamin Church,

At his usual Place of Sale;

A great Variety of valuable Articles, viz.

BRoad Cloths, Forest Cloths, Kerseys, Ratteens, Camblets, Tammies, Irish Holland, Checks, Bed Ticken, Callicoes, Stampt Cotton Linnen, Kenting, Linnen and Barcelona Handkerchiefs, Mens and Womens Hose, Breeches Patterns, &c. Some House Furniture, Wearing Apparel, Silver Watches, &c. &c.

N. B. A Philadelphia Stove.

TO BE SOLD,

Laying on the greatest Country Road, leading from Boston through the Province, and situated in what is called Little-Cambridge, within six Miles of Boston, the following Farms or Tracts of Land, viz.

No. 1. ABOUT 35 acres of choice land, about 30 rods front, and 240 rods deep, with a good orchard, chiefly mowing land, with a handsome new barn, with floors above and below, and compleatly fitted for all sort of cattle: Also a shed of 25 feet long, finished in like manner with the barn: Likewise a chaise-house & stable of 40 feet by 20, finished for carriages, and stalls for four horses, and will contain 8 tons of hay, together with a handsome large hanging garden, with 5 flats, each 40 feet square, with steps of the best Connecticut stone, and containing as good fruit as any in the province, with a well and a pump that is never dry, and a Cellar that is already compleat of 40 feet by 50, and a store-house on the road of 40 feet by 20, with a cellar under the whole, very commodiously situated and fitted for a large dealer, together with many other conveniences not mentioned.

No. 2. About 25 acres adjoining the above, about 25 rods front and 200 rods deep, with a handsome new house with 8 rooms, one of them 36 feet by 18, now improved, and may be, as one of the best taverns in the province, with a good convenient yard and barn, for horses and cattle, with a good well of water.

No. 3. About 15 acres adjoining, about 30 rods front, and 50 rods rear, with a good house of 6 rooms, a good barn and slaughter-house, and a good well and garden; also a number of good fruit trees, the whole choice mowing ground.

No. 4. About 15 acres the opposite side, 20 rods front and 150 deep, chiefly choice mowing-land, and a good orchard.

No. 5. About 20 acres adjoining the same, 25 rods front and 150 deep, chiefly choice mowing-land, each division well watered and fenced.

Also a piece of land in the same parish, of about three acres, with a good house, barn, try-house, and well, suitable for a tallow-chandler and soap-boiler, together with several other tracts of land in the same town.

Any person or persons inclineable to purchase the whole or any part of the above-described premises, may know the price and terms of pay, by enquiring of JOHN [illegible] house or store in Cambridge.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Monday the 19th Day of February next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon;

THE Real Estate of Captain Peter Bourn, late of Boston, Mariner, deceased, consisting of one large Dwelling-House, an Out-House, Warehouses and Wharf, formerly belonging to the Estate of Elder Cheevers, situated near the Sign of the Two Parlarverers, at the North End, Boston. Any Person that hath a mind to purchase the same, may apply to John Ballard or Ruth Bourn, Executors to said Estate, who have proper Instructions from the Superior Court to dispose of the same.

N. B. The Sale to be on the Premises.

Boston, January 29. 1770.

—Auction-Hall,—King-Street,—

To-Morrow EVENING (*Tuesday*)

At Six o'Clock.——will be Sold by publick Vendue,

A great Variety of Articles,—

both new and second-hand—among which are, Woollens, Linnens, Checks, &c.——Feather Beds—Apparel—House Furniture, &c.

JOHN GERRISH.

On WEDNESDAY next,

At Twelve o'Clock.

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Auction Room in Queen-Street,

TWO HORSES, suitable either for Saddle or Chaise, belonging to the Estate of the late Mr Jonathan Lowder, deceased. J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

WHEREAS there are divers matters necessary to be transacted by the Twenty Associates of the Lincolnshire company respecting their lands, which are not mentioned in the warrant of their present meeting. The committee of said propriety being duly authorised thereto, hereby notify said proprietors to meet on Wednesday the 14th day of March next, at the Vernon Tavern in Boston, at six o'clock, P. M. then and there to vote on the following articles.

1. To choose a Moderator, Proprietor's Clerk, Treasurer, and other officers that may be tho't necessary.

2. To determine on any further surveys of the said land and islands, as said propriety may think fit.

3. To give such further directions to the standing committee of said propriety respecting the surveying of the township already begun, and other the lands and islands, and to make such further provisions respecting the settlers complying with their agreements, as they may think fit.

4. To determine whether the proprietors will make sale of any more of their lands, to defray the charges of the company, or raise such monies as may be wanted, by taxes.

5. To determine whether the proprietors will refund the taxes already collected, out of the money that shall be raised by the sale of the lands.

6. To determine whether the proprietors will draw lots for their respective proportions of the lands in the township now laid out, and called by the name of Cambden, & also of the islands belonging to the said propriety.

7. To determine whether they will lease any of the necks of lands, or mill-streams, and upon what terms.

8. To determine whether the proprietors will allow the settlers to improve the meadows for a limited season.

9. To sequester a lot for the support of the gospel-ministry.

10. To sequester a lot for the support of a school or schools.

11. To make grants to the clerk, and committee for their respective services.

12. To consider and determine whether the proprietors will give any premiums to any settlers that may make greater improvements than they are obliged to by their contracts.

13. To choose a committee to examine the accounts of the clerk and treasurer.

14. To confirm all past transactions of the propriety and the committee.

And whereas there may be divers persons who are interested in said propriety, and may not be sensible of the same, the names of the Twenty original Associates are hereafter express'd, and all who can make any claim under any of them, are desired to give their attendance in person, or by attorney, at the aforesaid time and place.

The Twenty original Associates were,

12	John Smith	1	Jahleel Brenton,
13	Jose. Appleton, and Thos. Fayerweather,	2	John Clark,
		3	Samuel Brown,
14	Henry Franklyn,	4	Thomas Fitch,
15	Gilbert Bant, and Benja. Bromsden,	5	Adam Winthrop,
		6	Saml. Thaxter,
16	William Clarke,	7	Oliver Noyes,
17	John Oulton,	8	Stephen Minot,
18	Jonathan Waldo,	9	Samuel Westbrook,
19	Cornelius Waldo,	10	Anthony Stoddard,
20	John Jeffries.	11	Thomas Smith,

By Order of the Committee,

NATH. APPLETON, Prop. Clerk.

TO BE SOLD BY

Giles Harris,

A Case of Drawers and Table—Inquire for said Harris near Dr. Elliot's Meeting-House, North End of Boston.

A House to Lett, near Winnisimit Ferry, consisting of a Parlour, Sitting Room and Kitchen, with a Yard, &c. very convenient for a Family.

A House to Lett in Charter-Street, consisting of a Parlour and Kitchen, with a Yard, Garden, Pump, &c. very convenient for a Family.

N. B. Said Harris has to sell Mens second-hand Apparel.

ON TUESDAY NEXT,

Will be Sold by public Vendue, at the New Auction Room at the Foot of Royal-Exchange Lane,

Over Mr. THOMAS WALLEY's Store,

A Variety of Goods,——Among which are,

BROAD-Cloths of different Colours, Kerseys, German Serges, Beaver Coating, Forrest Cloths, Cambleteens, 7-8 and Yard wide Irish Hollands, Furniture and other Checks, Striped Holland, Linnen & Barcelona Handkerchiefs, Mens and Womens Worsted Hose, Kilmarnock and Worsted Caps, five Bolts Oznabrigs, one new Silver Watch, with a variety of other Articles, which may be view'd before the Sale.—Also half a Dozen neat Mahogany Chairs with Leather Bottoms, and some other Houshold Furniture.

WILLIAM HUNTER, Auctioneer.

On Tuesday Evening next, at Five o'Clock precisely.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, BOSTON.

ENTERED IN. *NONE.*

CLEARED OUT. *for*

Brig Lydia, Hood, Bristol.

OUTWARD BOUND. *for*

Ship Susanna, Johnson, London.

Buried in the Town of Boston since our last,

Nine Whites. Two Blacks.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Six.

High Water at Boston, *for this present Week.*

Monday, 42 *m. after* 1		*Friday*, 26 *m. after* 5	
Tuesday, 38 *m. after* 2		*Saturday*, 16 *m. after* 6	
Wednesday, 33 *m. after* 3		*Lord's-day*, 6 *m. after* 7	
Thursday, 28 *m. after* 4		*First Quarter Day*, 7 *Morn.*	

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† Commander // Chief = Councellors. — John Mein. Turn to the Index to Vol. 2. to find merchants agreement. ¶ viz. Molasses act vid. pa. 9. Vol. 2 — Tea Act vid page 735. Vol. 1.

Broad-Cloths, German Serges,

Beaver-Coating, and other Cloths, manufactured in NEW-ENGLAND, To be Sold at prime Cost,

By Samuel Whitwell,

At the Buck and Glove in Cornhill, Boston.

Who sells as usual, Sheeps Wool, Leather, Gloves, Breeches, &c.

BENJAMIN ANDREWS, Jun.

At his ſtore oppoſite the ſwing-bridge, Boſton, has for ſale,

CAſt iron cannon ſtoves, of different ſizes, and new conſtructions, the larger very ſuitable for a veſſel's cabin, or the room of one or more Perſons, who are inclined to be *upon the ſaving order*; as beſides the advantage of their heat, with very ſmall expence of fuel, they are fitted for the various methods of cookery, the ſmaller are of a leſs ſize and price, and better ſuited for ſhops, &c. than any heretofore made in this country. He has alſo an aſſortment of iron hollow ware, Philadelphia pig iron, and ſhip-bread, Weſt India and New-England rum, chocolate, ground ginger, wool-cards, copperas, allum, Poland and common ſtarch, crown ſoap, brimſtone, redwood, logwood, fuſtick, Deer's leather breeches, firkin butter, barreli'd beef, ſmall anchors, &c. &c.

N. B. Caſh given for ſalts or unmerchantable pot-aſh at ſaid ſtore.

SUGARS

By the Hogſhead or Barrel,

To be Sold by SAMUEL A. OTIS, at Store No. 3. South Side the Town-Dock.

ALSO,

Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, New England Rum, Fiſh, Bar-Lead, Cordage, Cod-Lines, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD BY

Thomas Stoddard & Com'y.

At their Store the North-Side of the Town-Dock.

Pitch and Turpentine, Rice, Deer-Skins, American Hemp and Cordage, Indigo, Sole Leather, Smith's Coals, Salt, Hollow and Flatt Ware, Logwood, Redwood, Reeds, Onions, &c. &c. &c.—Any of which will be ſold reaſonably for Caſh. New-England Rum, Molaſſes, or Loaf Sugar.——WANTED a Veſſel of 60 or 70 Tons Burthen, to carry a Freight to Charleſtown South-Carolina only.—If any Perſon has ſuch a Veſſel to Lett, they may inquire at ſaid Store.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS ſome evil-minded Perſon or Perſons, on the Night of the 20th Inſtant, broke into the Dwelling-Houſe of the Subſcriber in Cold-Lane, forced open his Deſk, and carried off a gold & anodine Necklace, a number of the largeſt Barcelona Handkerchiefs of different colours, and it's ſuppoſed many other articles, as they ranſack'd every Room in the lower part of the Houſe. Whoever will diſcover the ſame, that the guilty may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall receive the above Reward.

JOSEPH HALL.

They took with them a Surloin of Beef, which may probably afford them a repaſt, and prove a means of their diſcovery.

LAST Month was ſtole from on board a Ship lying at Green's Wharff, a Piece of Iriſh Sheeting, 73 Yards—And laſt Week was ſtole out of a Store, a Piece of fine Lawn, about five Yards, worth £5 O. T. per Yard.—The Owner apprehending that the Thieves may have apply'd to ſell ſaid Goods; If any Perſon diſcovers them, and that they are convicted thereof, a Reward of FIVE DOLLARS will be paid for each Piece by the Printers hereof.

STOLEN from the Shop [illegible] on Friday Evening laſt, one Dozen Cards, marked J F if marked at all. If offered for Sale, he begs they may be ſtopped, and Information given to him, or the Printers hereof.

THE Commiſſioners, appointed by the honorable Foſter Hutchinſon, Eſq; Judge of Probates for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Capt. Edward Emerſon, late of Boſton, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent——GIVE NOTICE, that they ſhall attend that Service at the Britiſh Coffee Houſe, on the firſt Wedneſday in this and the five following Months, from Six to Nine o'Clock, P.M.

Boſton, January 20. 1770.

THE Commiſſioners appointed to receive and examine the Claims of the ſeveral Creditors to the Eſtate of *Peter Doyle*, late of *Boſton*, Mariner, deceas'd, repreſented Inſolvent—Give Notice, that three Months longer Time is allowed by the Judge of Probate for the Creditors to bring in their Claims, and that they ſhall attend ſaid Service at the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe in King-Street, on the ſecond Thurſday of the three following Months, from 6 to 9 o'Clock, P. M. *Jan.* 20 1770.

Made and Sold by *Iſaac White*,

at the North-End, oppoſite the Salutation—Beſt Tallow Candles, Mould and Dip'd and Bayberry-wax Candles, all as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.

N. B. Tallow by the Barrel.

CASH

TO be given for good PEARL and POT-ASH, for damaged Pot-Aſh, and for Black Salts by

GEORGE ERVING,

At his Store in King-Street.

Where is to be Sold very cheap for Caſh—The beſt Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, juſt imported—Alſo, Poland and Common Starch, which has been imported upwards of Sixteen Months.

Boſton, December 26, 1769.

WEST INDIA RUM.

Choice *Weſt India* Rum, to be ſold by JONATHAN SNELLING, at his Store on Treat's Wharf——Alſo, Choice SUGARS by the Hogſhead and Barrel.

GOOD Wages offered, to a ſober, honeſt, induſtrious Woman, that underſtands Cooking, and other Family Buſineſs. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

To be ſold cheap for Caſh, Wholeſale or Retail, in Wing's-Lane,

A Quantity of Canadian Reed Deer-Skins in the Hair. Raccoons and dreſſed Sable, ſuitable for Ladies Muffs. Enquire of Levi Jennings Hatt-Maker on the Exchange, King-Street, Boſton, or the Printers hereof.

Very reaſonably will be Sold by Jonathan Moulton, of *Hampton*,

On the following Credit, viz. one third part of the money to be paid within ſix Months, one third part within twelve Months, and the other third part within two Years, the Purchaſer giving ſecurity for the ſame with lawful intereſt thereon;

A fine FARM, ſituated in Hampton Falls, near the Meeting-Houſe, lying partly on the Country road, leading from Portſmouth to Boſton, containing about two hundred and twenty acres, conſiſting chiefly of upland and ſome ſalt-marſh, with two good dwelling-houſes and a large barn thereon; one of ſaid houſes ſtanding on ſaid country road, pleaſantly ſituated for a merchant or tradeſman, which houſe has for many years paſt been improved as a publick Tavern, the other ſtanding a few rods from ſaid road on the main body of the land ſuitable for a gentleman's country ſeat, and is commodiouſly fix'd with conveniencies for farming; ſaid farm has two good Orchards thereon, and is proportionably divided into land ſuitable for mowing, paſturing tillage, &c. and yearly produces hay ſufficient to fill the barn thereon, which is upwards of 100 feet in length. Said farm may with conveniency be divided into two farms. For further particulars, inquire of ſaid ſaid Moulton.

ALSO, on the ſame terms will be ſold by ſaid Moulton, a houſe, with a houſe-lot, and a building yard, laying in Saliſbury, (at the point ſo called) adjoining Merrimack-river, being the ſame place where Bennet Greenfield lately lived: Alſo another houſe and barn, with about two acres of Land, and a building yard laying within a few rods of the above-mentioned houſe, in ſaid Saliſbury; both of which houſes are pleaſantly ſituated for a merchant or tradeſman.

ALSO, To be let on reaſonable terms, for a number of years, by ſaid Moulton, a farm in Hampton, about a mile and a half from the meeting-houſe, lying on the country-road, containing about 200 acres, of upland, marſh, and wood land, with a good houſe, two barns, and orchard thereon, and is ſuitably divided into tillage, mowing, paſturing, &c. Apply to ſaid Moulton for particulars.

[illegible] chant, deceaſed, being rendered Inſolvent, and Six Months allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts—The Commiſſioners appointed by the honorable Foſter Hutchinſon, Eſq; Judge of Probates for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine ſaid Claims, Give Notice that they ſhall attend ſaid Service at the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe in Boſton, on the firſt Thurſday of the Six following Months, from 6 to 9 o'Clock, P.M.

Boſton, December 25, 1769.

All Perſons that are indebted to

the Eſtate of Capt. James Scott, late of Boſton, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe to whom the Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to bring in their Demands to Edward Jackſon and Andrew Cazneau, Executors of the laſt Will and Teſtament of the ſaid James, in Order that the ſame may be diſcharged.

Boſton, Dec. 25, 1769. Edward Jackſon, Andrew Cazneau } Executors.

A wet Nurſe with a young Breaſt

Breaſt of Milk, would be glad to take a Child to ſuckle, inquire of the Printers.

Remains to be Sold, a

Quarter below the Sterling Coſt, at the Houſe of the late Mr. JOHN SMITH in Hanover-Street,

A Variety of Jewellery,

and other Goods.

ALL Perſons indebted, are deſired to make immediate Payment, to prevent the Neceſſity of their being ſued.

RAN away from me the ſubſcriber, on the 7th inſtant, an indented ſervant, named Joſiah Clark, and carried off with him, a new coat and waiſtcoat of a claret colour, and a light blue coat trimmed with braſs buttons, and two ſtriped all-wool ſhirts, one linen ditto, one pair of blue ſtockings, a pair of grey ditto, and a pair of new purple deerſkin breeches trimm'd with flower'd pewter buttons, and a pair of ſheepſkin ditto ſomewhat dirty by working at the ſhoemakers trade, two pair of pumps, one pair has been tap'd, and a felt hat. He is in his 19th year, wears his own hair which is black, of a pale complexion, thin favoured, light eyes, thin noſe, goes ſtooping, and has a good ſtock of natural wit, but wants prudence to improve it. If any perſon will take up the aboveſaid Run-away, and return him to me, he ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges. And I do hereby caution all Perſons againſt harbouring, or concealing him, as they would avoid the penalty of the law.

AARON WARREN.

Upton, January 8, 1770.

NAILS.

TO BE SOLD BY

Harbottle Dorr,

At his Shop, almoſt oppoſite the Cornfield in Union-Street, BOSTON, Viz

JOBENTS, 2d, 3d, 4d, 6d, 8d, (*choice* 10d, *manufactured* in this Town, warranted *tough*,) 20d, 24d, and Deck Nails.——ALSO, Beſt *Heart and Club* German Steel, Engliſh Steel by the half Faggot, Bar or Pound. Beſt Engliſh Glue. A Smith's Anvil, &c. &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

A Farm, containing 533 Acres,

of choice Upland and Salt Meadow, being the Eſtate uſually called HOG ISLAND, very commodiouſly ſituated in the Harbour of Boſton, between Chelſea & Noddle's Iſland. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may be further informed by applying to *John Tudor*, *William Phillips*, and *Jonathan Williams*, Eſq'rs.

TABLE FISH.

warranted the very beſt, To be Sold at the Store the Corner of *Kilby*-Street. Likewiſe the beſt BOHEA TEA, imported before the Agreement of the Merchants for Non-Importation—Weſt-India Rum, Sugar, Cotton Wool, Chocolate, Coffee, Kippen's Snuff by the Dozen, Spices, 18 Inch Pipes by the Box or leſs Quantity, Indigo, &c. &c. Alſo a Scale Beam, by

JOS. TURELL.

All Perſons that have any Demands on the Eſtate of James Ronelſon, late of Boſton, Mariner, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Margaret Ronelſon, Adminiſtratrix; and thoſe that are indebted, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment.

All Perſons that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mr. *Alexander Young*, late of *Boſton*, Goaler, deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Mrs. *Mehetable Young*, Adminiſtratrix: And all thoſe who are indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate Payment to ſaid Adminiſtratrix.

All Perſons that are indebted to,

or that have any Demands on, the Eſtate of *Samuel Cary*, late of *Chelſea*, Eſq; deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to *Richard Cary*, Eſq; of *Charleſtown*, or *Nathaniel Cary*, Executors to the laſt Will of the deceaſed, in Order for Settlement.

Choice Engliſh and Salt Hay, &c. to be Sold at the Farm at *Cheſea*, whereon the deceaſed dwelt.

TO BE DISPOSED OF,

SIX Years of the Time of a very likely, active Boy, about 14 Years of Age—exceeding ſmart and docile,—very ſuitable for any one whoſe Buſineſs will admit of keeping him at Home—or for a Maſter of a Veſſel.

Enquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE LET,

The Front End of a convenient

Brick Tenement, two Rooms on a Floor, ſituate in Long-Lane; enquire of SAMUEL BASS, living in the back End of ſaid Houſe.

Sperma Cæti Candles

Warranted equal to any, and ſuperior to moſt that is made,

To be Sold by

Joſeph Palmer,

At his Store on Minot's T.

ALSO,

STrain'd Sperma-Ceti Oil for burning in Lamps by the Barrel, Sugars by the Barrel or ſmaller Quantity, Green Coffee, Chocolate warranted good, Pitch, Roſin, Engliſh Duck, *Beſt Iſle Sboal Dumb Fiſh*, &c. &. (6w.)

TO BE SOLD,

A few Casks of Claret, a few ſmall

Caſks of French Brandy, and ſome beſt Caſtile Soap in Boxes. Enquire of JOHN HOMER, at Store No. 2, on the Long-Wharff. tbcif.

Beſt Sperma Ceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE AND SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting Houſe*. He alſo ſells the *beſt Refin'd Sperma Ceti Oil* by the Barrel. Beſt *Tallow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry Wax Candles. All *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

CHOICE CHOCOLATE made and Sold by *John Goldſmith*, at the Corner Shop leading down *John Hancock*, Eſq'rs; Wharff, by the large or ſmall Quantities.—Alſo all Sorts of Groceries.

The Chocolate will be warranted good, and ſold at the cheapeſt Rates.—Caſh given for Cocoa.

Cocoa manufactured for Gentlemen in the beſt Manner.

ALSO, Choice COCOA and Cocoa Nut Shells.

Boſton, Printed by EDES & GILL. *in Queen-Street.* 1770.